

CRABGRASS CONTROL PLUS WITH 0.37% BARRICADE®

FOR SELECTIVE PREEMERGENCE CONTROL OF GRASS & BROADLEAF WEEDS IN LAWNS AND ORNAMENTAL TURF GRASSES (EXCLUDING GOLF COURSE PUTTING GREENS), LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS, ESTABLISHED PERENNIALS & WILDFLOWER PLANTINGS. STOPS MANY UGLY WEED GRASSES BEFORE THEY GROW. PREVENTS CRABGRASS, ANNUAL BLUEGRASS, FOXTAIL, & MORE.

Prodiamine: [N³,N³-Di-n-propyl-2,4-dinitro-6-	
(trifluoromethyl)-m-phenylenediamine]	0.37%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	99.63%
TOTAL:	100.00%

EPA Reg. No. 32802-66

EPA Est. No. 59144-GA-1 (A), 32802-MO-1 (B), 37351-CO-1 (C), 8378-IN-1 (D), 9404-FL-1 (E)

First letter of bag code shows establishment where manufactured.

BARRICADE® is a registered trademark of Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. Manufactured for: Howard Johnson's Enterprises, Inc. 9675 S 60th Street, Franklin, WI 53132

Read the entire "Directions for Use" and "Warrantly Statements" before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopended product container at once to the seller.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feed, drugs or clothing. For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION: Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or repeated skin contact with product may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to find the solubility if may be applied to the solubility in the solubility.

20 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes,

then continue rinsing eye.

* Call a poison control center of doctor for treatment advice.

In on skin * Take off contaminated clothing

or clothing * Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.

* Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice

 Call a poison control center or physician immediately for wallowed treatment advice

* Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.

* Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or physician

* Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

f inhaled * Move person to fresh air.

* If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possi

* Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment

Hottine number
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this pesticide product (including health concerns, medical emergencies, or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Telecommunications Network at 1-800-

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS 12-0-3

12% Total Nitrogen (N) 12.00% Ŭrea Nitrogen 3% Soluble Potash (K₂O)

Derived From: Muriate of Potash, Urea

Chlorine (CI), not more than 6.00%

F315

Bulk Denisty Item Number FGB49495 100206178

Net Weight 50 lbs (22.70 kg)

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at http://www.aapfco.org/metals.htm

susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. When used according to directions, it will control: barnyardgrass; bluegrass, innual (Poa annua): carpetweed: chickweed. common: chickweed. mouseeai annual (rola annua); carpetweed, crinckweed, common; crinckweed, mouseed, junglerice, knotweed, kochia; lambsquarter, common; lovegrass; panicum (rexas, fall, browntop); pigweed; purslane, common; pusley, Florida; rescuegrass; shepherd's purses; signaligrass, broadleaf; speedwell, Perslan, sprangletop, spurge, prostrate; witchgrass; woodsorrel, vellow (from seed).

> In many areas where not prohibited by fertilizer use restrictions** a single application of 4.1 to 9.3 pounds / 1000 square feet will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained with an initial application of 4.1 to 6.2 pounds / 1000 square feet,to areas not prohibited by fertilizer use restrictions, followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed the maximum annual rate (see Minimum and Maximum Application Rate table). For this weed, apply in late summer, fall or winter prior to germination.

*Consult your State Cooperative Extension Service for current information on annual application limitations for lawn fertilizers in your region.

WHEN TO APPLY TO ESTABLISHED TURF: This product must be applied prior of weed seeds, as it will not control established weeds.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS: Apply this product uniformly, using a suitable spreader that has been properly calibrated. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and vithin 14 days after application.

n the State of Florida, this product should be applied at rates not exceeding those ecommended in the document titled Best Management Practices for Protection f Water Resources in Florida, June 2002, Florida Green Industries.

USE PRECAUTIONS: The following precautions apply to the use of this product turf grasses and lawns. Application of this product may thin emerged annual luegrass and newly overseeded grasses. Do not apply to overseeded turf within 30 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil (not thatch plus soil).

Spreader setting to apply at the listed rate (lbs per 1000 sq ft)								
	Cone setting	3.0 lbs	4.0 lbs	4.6 lbs	6.2 lbs	9.3lbs		
Accu-Pro 2000 SR2000 Lesco 021820 Spyker 76-22	6 6 0.25 Closed	L 1/2 L 1/2 D 1/2 4.3	M 1/2 N E 1/2 4.5	N 1/2 O 1/2 F 1/2 4.7	O 1/2 P G 1/2 4.9	Q 1/2 R I 1/2 5.5		
PSB Bigfoot Lely HR Vicon 203	A.5 II-B	J 1/2 5.25 15	K 1/2 6 17	L 1/2 6.5 19	M 7 21	N 1/2 8.5 27		

Minimum and Maximum Application Rates (by Turf Grass Species)¹ Turf Species Minimum Rate Maximum Annual Rate²					
Bahiagrass², Centipedegrass³ Bermudagrass², Zoysiagrass Seashore Paspalum St. Augustinegrass Tall Fescue (including turf-type)	2.7 pounds per 1000 sq. ft	9.3 pounds per 1000 sq. ft. per year			
Buffalograss Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	2.7 pounds per 1000 sq. ft.	6.2 pounds per 1000 sq. ft. per year			
Creeping Red Fescue	2.7 pounds per 1000 sq. ft.	4.6 pounds per 1000 sq. ft. per year			
Creeping Bentgrass	2.7 pounds per 1000 sq. ft.	4.0 pounds per 1000 sq. ft. per year			

These are the maximum rates per calendar year.

In Florida: Do not exceed 2 applications per year to Bahiagrass and Centipedegrass in the north. do not exceed 3 applications per year to Centipedegrass in the central and south regions. Consult your State Cooperative Extension Service for current information annual application limitations for lawn fertilizers in your region.

May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 3.1 bis / 1000 square feet. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of foxtail, goosegrass and rescuegrass due to reduced rates used in sprigging situations.

Use Rate lbs / 1000 sq ft		Before Overs Transition	
2.7 lbs	1 4	4	4
3 lbs	4	4	4
4 lbs	5	4	4
4.6 lbs	6	5	5
4.9 lbs		6	6
6.2 lbs		7	7
7 lbs			9
8 lbs			10
9.3 lbs			12

. japonica . kiautschovica

. viridissima

Fatsia japonica Forsythia intermedia

Evergreen Euonymus Spreading Euonymus

Japanese Aralia Border Forsythia Greenstem Forsythia

Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine

Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year. Application to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury. Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices (such as core aeration) may result in nerolicuse barrier win cultural practices (such as core aeraturi) may resum creduced weed control. Do not apply to putting greens, or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply aerially. Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from treated areas.

Apply only to actively growing turf. Do not apply near water, storm drains or drainage ditches. Do not apply if heavy rain is expected. Apply this product only to your lawn, and sweep any product that lands on the driveway, sidewalk, or street back onto your lawn. Check with your local Cooperative Extension Agency to obtain specific information on local turf best management practices. Check with your

county or city government to determine if there are local regulations for fertilizer use. APPLICATION LIMITS: Certain states have limits on application rates and timing. Consult your local State Cooperative Extension Service for current information of application limits for turf/lawn fertilizers in your area.

In the state off Florida, this product should be applied at rates not exceeding those recommended in the document tilled Best Management Practices for Protection of Water Resources in Florida, June 2002, Florida Green Industries.

RATES OF APPLICATION: This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species. Do not exceed the maximur yearly rate listed:

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rates recommended for each turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied. Use the higher rates listed for longer periods of weed control.

WHEN TO OVERSEED AFTER APPLICATION: This product will inhibit germination of turl seed if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in table for best overseedingly results.

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS (including established perennials and wildflower plantings): This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals. Apply at the rate of 2.7 to 9.3 lbs / 1000 square feet in fall and/or spring. Use higher rates of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 9.3 lbs / 1000 square feet per year.

APPLICATION TIMING AND INFORMATION: This product may be applied to newly transplanted and established ornamentals a broadcast, over the top or directed application. Around new transplants, delay application to allow soil to settle and adher throughly before applying Apply after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union. This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inch) mechanical incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. Best weed control is obtained when applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as

leaves. Prior to application, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence 12 TOLERANT ORNAMENTAL SPECIES: This product will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines and flowers. The species listed below are tolerant to this product. Best results will be obtained when product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of these species. When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may

NOTICE: This product contains chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects and other reproductive harm. SCIENTIFIC NAME COMMON NAME COMMON NAME SCIENTIFIC NAME COMMON NAME SCIENTIFIC NAME Fir species** (Balsam, etc.) Japanese Maple Abies spp Acer palmatum P. tobira Japanese Pittosporum Hedera helix Podocarpus macrophyllus Hibiscus rosa-sinensis A. platanoides Actinidia chinensis Norway Maple Prunus laurocerasus llex cornuta Chinese Holly crenata Japanese Holly Prunus sp. Almond, Apricot, Nectarine Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily) Agapanthus africanus Arctostaphylos densiflora Peach, Plum and Prune* Vine Hill Manzanita Pyracantha coccinea Firethorn (Scarlet) Iris spp. Arctotheca calendula Aucuba japonica Jasminium nudiflorum P. fortuneana P. koidzumii Winter Jasmine Juniperus chinensis Chinese Junipe Berberis gladwynensis Barberry J conferta Shore Juniper Creeping Juniper Walnut* Pyrus sp. Bradford Pear sp. Barberry Wintergreen Barberry Mentor Barberry Japanese Barberry Japanese Boxwood Weeping Bottlebrush Quercus spp. Raphiolepsis indica Rhododendron B. iulianae J. horizontalis Oak species Indian Hawthorne mentorensis Juglans sp. 'Coral Bells'
'Formosa,' 'Hino-crimson,
'PJM', 'Roseum Elegans' B. thunbergii Buxus microphylla Shrimp Plant Justicia brandegeana Lagerstromia indica Crene Myrtle (including Azalea) Callistemon viminalis Amur Privet Japanese Privet Lady Bank's Rose Calluna vulgaris Scotch Heather Rosa banksiae . japonicum . lucidum Carpobrotus edulis Cassia artemisoides Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant) Feathery Cassia Rosa banksiae Rosmarinus officinalis Santolina virens Glossy Privet (Waxleaf) Rosemary Santolina Big Blue Lily, Silver Mound Japanese Honeysuckle Tatarian Honeysuckle Ice Plant Lirione muscari Ceanothus rigidus Lonicera japonica L. tatarica Maleophora luteola Sedum album Stonecrop Chamaecvparis pisifera False Cypress Syzygium paniculatum Taxus cuspidata Japanese Brushcherry Cleyera japonica Citrus spp. Cornus florida Cleyera Citrus species* Malus sp. Crabapple media Nandina domestica huia occidentalis American Arborvitae Flowering Dogwood American Dogwood Heavenly Bamboo stolonifera rachelospermum asiatur Star Jasmine Canada Hemlock Japanese Viburnum Sweet Viburnum Cortaderia selloana Pampas Grass Cranberry Cotoneaster Cotoneaster Ophiopogon japonicus Osteospermum fruticosum Tsuga canadensis Viburnum japonicum Trailing African Daisy . odoratiśsimum Oxydendrum arboreum Sourwood Bearberry Cotoneaster Persea americana Photinia fraseri Avocado* Frasier's Photinia (Redtip) Japanese Snowball dammer . plicatum rigidum tinus Canary Island Viburnum Laurustinus Cranberry Bush Leatherleaf Viburnum 2. microphyllus Rockspray Cotoneaster Cretaegus spp. Cupressus semper Picea spp. Spruce species** Lily-of-the-Valley Bush Italian Cypress White Trailing Ice Plant /. trilobium Pieris iaponica Delasperma alba Pinus brutia Calabrian Pine /. wrightii Canary Island Pine Aleppo Pine Delphinium spp. Larkspur, Blue Elf P. canariensis Greater Periwinkle, Vinca odonea viscosa Hon Bush /inca minor Common Periwinkle, Vinca Grape* Old Fashioned Weigela . halepensis Elaeagnus pungen: Euonymus fortunei P. nigra P. radiata Austrian Pine Vitis sp. Weigela florida Monterey Pine
Japanese Black Pine
Eastern White Pine
Scotch Pine

Pittosporum rhombifolium STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

P. thunbergiana P. strobus

P. sylvestris Pistachio sp

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area out of reach of children and domestic animals. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Nonrefillable container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. If not available then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Queensland Pittosporum

Warranty: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result due to such factors as weather conditions, presence or absence of other materials or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Howard Johnson's Enterprises, Inc. The manufacturer and the seller are subject to the extent consistent with applicable law, the products sold to you are furnished "as is" by Howard Johnson's Enterprises, Inc. The manufacturer and the seller are subject to the extent consistent with applicable law, the products sold to you are furnished "as is" by Howard Johnson's Enterprises, Inc. The manufacturer and the seller as subject to the seller makes no warranties, quadranties, or presentations of any, find to the buyer or the user, either express or implied, or by usage of frade statutory or otherwise, with regard to the ground sold or use of the product, including, but not limited to, merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose or use, or eligibility of the product or any particular trade usage. To the extent consistent with applicable but, Buyer's or user's exclusive of Howard Johnson's Enterprises, inc. or the seller's total liability shall be limited to damages not exceeding the cost of the product. No agent or employee of Howard Johnson's Enterprises, inc. or the seller's total liability shall be limited to damages not exceeding the cost of the product. As agent or employee of Howard Johnson's Enterprises, inc. or the seller's total liability shall be limited to damages not exceeding the cost of the product of the manufacturer's or the seller's statutory or inconsistent with the label of this data of the product of the

Yucca aloifolia

Spanish Bayonet, Yucca Adam's Needle, Yucca

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines or plants

Not for use on container grown plants.