

## Howard Johnson's Trifluralin 5G

A selective pre-emergence herbicide for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in Container Grown Ornamentals, Landscape Ornamentals, Nursery Stock, Groundcovers, Established Flowers, Ornamental Bulbs, Non-bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and, Non-bearing Vineyards, Christmas Tree Plantations, Non-cropland, and Under Paved Surfaces

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:** Trifluralin ......

OTHER INGREDIENTS: TOTAL:
Contains 2 pounds active ingredient per 40 pound bag.

EPA Reg. No. 19713-689-32802

EPA Est. No. 59144-GA-1(A), 32802-MO-1(B), 37351-CO-1 (C)

Net Weight 40 lbs (18.16 kg)

Distributed by: Howard Johnson's Enterprises, Inc 9675 S 60th Street, Franklin, WI 53132

# **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION** See FIRST AID Below

## **FIRST AID**

#### IF INHALED:

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible
- Call a poison control center of doctor for further treatment advice.

#### IF IN EYES

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

#### IF SWALLOWED:

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Do not give any liquid to the person.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- Take off contaminated clothing
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.

Call poison control center or doctor for testament advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact CHEMTREC AT 800-424-9300 for emergency.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Harmful if inhaled. Cause moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing/PPE before reuse. Wear protective eye wear, long-sleeved shirt, long pants, and socks and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants; chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 11 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils or viton ≥ 14 mils; and shoes plus socks. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets with requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

**Users should:** 1) Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. 2) Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. 3) Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is extremely toxic to freshwater marine, and estuarine fish and aquatic invertebrates including shrimp and oyster. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply in a manner that will directly expose canals, lakes, streams, ponds, marshes or estuaries to aerial drift. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

5.0%

Trifluralin 5G specialty herbicide is a pre-emergence herbicide for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in container grown ornamentals, landscape ornamentals, nursery stock, groundcovers, established flowers, ornamental bulbs, non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards, Christmas tree plantations, non-cropland, and under paved surfaces. Apply this product before or after planting, but prior to germination of target weeds or immediately after cultivation. Length of weed control will vary with weed population, potting media or soil conditions, temperature, watering regime and other factors. Following application, user should monitor and observe level of weed control over time to determine when additional applications may be needed. Repeat applications should not be made sooner than 60 days after a previous application of this product. Do not apply over 240 pounds per acre total of this product within a 12-month period

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all directions for use carefully before applying. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval REI of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, chemical resistant gloves and shoes plus socks.

#### **NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements of this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to product agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until dusts have settled. It soil incorporation is required after the application, do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area (except those persons involved in the incorporation) until the incorporation is complete. If the incorporation is accomplished by watering-in, do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until the surface is dry after the watering-in.

#### WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

This product is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 3 herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 3 may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 3 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by this product or other Group 3 herbicides.

To delay herbicide resistance, consider: • Avoiding the consecutive use of this product or other target site of action Group 3 herbicides that have a

- similar target site of action on the same weed species. Using tank-mixtures or pre-mixes with herbicides from different targe site of action Groups as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use, have different sites of action, and are both effective at the tank-mix or pre-pack rate on the weed(s) of concern.
- Basing herbicide use on a comprehensive IPM program.
- Monitoring treated weed populations for loss of field efficacy.
- Contacting your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed hintynes

## **USE PRECAUTIONS**

This product does not control established weeds. Control existing weeds by cultivation or with post-emergence herbicides. Remove weed residues, prunings, and trash or thoroughly mix them into the soil prior to treatment. Soil should be in good condition and free of clods at the time of application. A single rainfall or sprinkler irrigation of 0.5 inches or more or flood irrigation is required to activate this product. Optimum weed control will be obtained when followed by overhead irrigation or rainfall within a few hours after surface application or when this product is activated within 3 days of application. If rainfall or irrigation has not occurred within 3 days of application and tillage is possible, this product may be activated using cultivation equipment capable of uniformly mixing the herbicide into the upper 1-2 inches of soil. Failure to activate this product within 3 days of application may result in erratic weed control.

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS**

Do not apply when wind conditions favor drift of granules of this product from the target area Do not apply this product by air.

#### **WEEDS CONTROLLED**

١	The following weeds are CONTROLLED when this product is applied at 80 lb/acre (1.8 lb/1000 sq ft):			
١	Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
1	Annual Grasses:		Annual Broadleaf Weeds	
1	Barley, hare	Hordeum leporinum	Chickweed, Common	Stellaria media
1	Barnyardgrass (Watergrass)	Echinochloa crus-galli	Goosefoot, Nettleleaf	Chenopodium murale
╡	Bluegrass, Annual		Knotweed, Prostrate	Polygonum aviculare
1	Brome		Kochia	Kochia scoparia
1	Cheat	Bromus secallnus	Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album
1	Crabgrass		Nettle, Stinging	Urtica dioica
┚	Cupgrass, Southwestern		Pigweed	Amaranthus spp.
₹	Fescue, Rattail		Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea
1	Foxtail	Setaria spp.	Thistle, Russian	Salsola iberica
1	Goosegrass	Eleusine indica		
1	Junglerice	Echinochloa colonum		
1	Lovegrass	Eragrostis spp.		
1	Oat, Wild	Avena fatua		
_	Panicum, Fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum		
	Sandbur, Field	Cenchrus incertus		
r.	Signalgrass	Brachiaria spp.		
ί.	Sprangletop, Mexican	Leptochioa univervia		
t	Stinkgrass	Eragrostis cilianensis		
	Witchgrass	Panicum capillare		

The following weeds are PARTIALLY CONTROLLED or SUPPRESSED when this product is applied at 80 lb/acre (1.8 lb/1000 sq ft).

Common Name Scientific Name Common Name Scientific Name Carpetweed Mollugo verticillata Pusley, Florida Richardia scabra lohnsongrass (from seed) Sorghum halepense Shattercane Sorghum bicolor Panicum, Texas Panicum texanum

#### **APPLICATION DIRECTIONS**

Apply this product using a drop or rotary-type spreader designed to apply granular herbicides or insecticides. Calibrate application equipment prior to use according to manufacturer's directions. Check frequently to be sure equipment is working properly and distributing granules uniformly. Do not use spreaders that apply material in narrow concentrated bands. Avoid skips or overlaps as poor weed control or plant injury may occur. More uniform application may be achieved by spreading half of the required amount of product over the area and then applying the remaining half in swaths at right angles to the first.

#### **Application Techniques for Applying This Product**

When using a drop-type spreader, a splash board mounted under the hopper will provide more even granule distribution.

A chain fastened to the side of the spreader and allowed to drag on the soil surface can be used to mark the edge of the treated swath and help prevent skips or overlaps. For treating smaller areas or rows of nursery stock or ornamental beds, a hand held or push-

type rotary applicator such as whirlybird or cyclone unit is recommended. For hand held units,

walk and turn the crank at a constant rate of speed.

A shaker-type applicator made from a small container with holes punched in the bottom is recommended for small, hard to treat areas. Carefully measure the amount of product needed to avoid over-application.

#### **USES**

CONTAINER GROWN ORNAMENTALS, LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS, NURSERY STOCK, GROUNDCOVERS, ESTABLISHED FLOWERS, ORNAMENTAL BULBS, NON-BEARING FRUIT AND NUT TREES AND NON-BEARING VINEYARDS, AND CHRISTMAS TREE PLANTATIONS.

This product is recommended as a pre-emergence treatment for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in container grown ornamentals, landscape ornamentals, nursery stock, groundcovers, established flowers, ornamental bulbs, non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards and Christmas tree plantations. Apply this product before or after planting but prior to germination of target weeds, or immediately after cultivation.

Refer to the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for use precautions, restrictions and

ormation on application, application rates and weeds controlled.

#### **Special Use Precautions:**

To avoid possible injury, do not apply this product to the following:

- Nursery forest or Christmas tree seedling beds, cutting beds or transplant beds.
- Unrooted liners or cuttings that have been planted in pots for the first time.
- · Pots less than 4 inches wide.
- · Groundcovers until they are established and well rooted

Do not apply this product to newly transplanted ornamentals, nursery stock, groundcovers, flowers and non-bearing fruit and nut crops and non-bearing vineyards until soil or potting media has been settled by packing and irrigation or rainfall and no cracks are present or injury may occur. Do not make pre-plant applications of this product to areas where Gladioli corms less than 1 inch in diameter will be planted or injury may occur.

#### **Use Restrictions:**

- Do not apply this product in greenhouse or other enclosed structures.
- Do not make repeat applications sooner than 60 days after a previous application of this product.
- Do not apply over 240 pounds per acre total of this product within a 12-month period.

Users who wish to use this product on plant species not listed on this label may determine suitability for such uses by making trial application of this product at specified rate to small number of plants. Prior to using this product on a larger number of plants, the treated plants should be observed for signs of herbicidal injury during 30 to 60 days of normal growing conditions to determine if the treatment is non-injurious to the target plant species. The user assumes responsibility for any plant damage or other liability resulting from the use of this product on plant species not listed on

#### **ESTABLISHED FLOWERS** ESTABLISHED FLOWERS (cont page 2)

Scientific Name Common Name Scientific Name Common Name Hypericum calycinum Arctotis spp. Aaron's beard Gladiolus spp. African daisy Golden glow Rudheckia laciniata Alyssum Aster (perennial) Alyssum spp. Aster spp. Guara Guara lindheiveri Impatiens spp. **Impatiens** Baby's breath Gypsophila paniculata Iris spp. Balsam Beard tongue Impatiens balsamina Penstemon barbatus Ixora Ixora spp. Stachys spp. Lamb's ears Monarda didyma Lobelia spp. Bee balm Lobelia Begonia spp. Rudbeckia hirta Lupine Marigold Lupinus spp Begonia Blackeyed Susan Tagetes spp. Dicentra eximia Marigold, cape Dimorphotheca spp. Bleeding heart Convolvulus spp. Morningglory Nasturtium Calendula Calendula officianalis California Poppy Eschscholzia californica Tropaeolum spp. Chrysanthemun Chrysanthemum spp Nicotiana Nicotiana spp. Oenothere missouriensis Common foxglove Coral bells Digitalis purpurea Heuchera spp. Ozark sundrop Tanacetum cocineum Painted daisy Coreopsis Coreopsis spp. Petunia Petunia hvbrida Phlox spp. Cornflower Centaurea cyanus Phlox Cosmos spp. Scabiosa spp. Cosmos Pincushion flower Dahlia spp. Poppy, California Dahlia Papaver spp. Portulaca grandiflora Dianthus Dianthus spp. Artemisia stellerana Portulaca Dusty miller Echinacea purpurea Purple coneflowe Rosa spp. Perovskia atriplicifolia English lavander Lavandula angustifolia Russian sage Floss flower Ageratum houstonianum Myosotis spp. Forget-me-not Salvia Salvia spp. Leucanthemum superbu Mirabilis jalapa Shasta daisy Four o'clock Artemisia schmidtiana Foxglove Digitalis mertonensis Silver mound Gaillard spp. Antirrhinum majus Snapdragon Gayfeather Geranium Funhorbia marginata Liatris spicataia Snow-on-the-moun Veronica spicatum Geranium spp. Speedwell Geum spp. Limonium spp.

continued on page 2 Drexel 5GSP-0117, hje12-18-17 rv09062019

#### **ESTABLISHED FLOWERS cont.**

#### Scientific Name Matthiola spp. Common Name Stoke's aster Stokesia laevis Sedum spectible Helianthus spp. Lobularia maritima Stonecrop Sunflower Sweet alvssum

Common Name

Abyssinica acac

rostrate acacia

Shoestring acacia

Coral bark Japanese mapl

apanese painted fem

Villiam penn barberry

Japanese barberry

rimson pygmy barberry

urea-golden Japai

Mentor barberry

barberry

Rose glow barbei

Barbara Karst

Pink pixie

emple fire

exas dawn

California gold

Scarlet O'Hara

apanese boxwood

ommon boxwood

eeping bottlebrush

asangua camellia

apanese camellia

eathery cassia

now-in-summe

osteri cypress

orulosa cypress

Vild lilac

Plum yew

Areca palm

ummersweet

doawood

pring torch scotch heath

lana-dwarf Hinoki cypress

lifera-thread cypress

Japanese cleyera Sibirica-Siberian dogwood

aileyi red osier dogwood

Royal purple smoke tree

Coral beauty smoke tree

aecox-early cotoneaster

ichholz smoke tree

Cranberry cotoneaster

vrenees cotoneaster

limalayan cotoneaster

Rock cotoneaster

abel cotoneaster

ena-Scotch broom

ruitland silver berry

Mediterranean pink heath

Canadale gold euonymus

merald'n gold euonymus

Vintercreeper euonymus

Purple bell heathe

Ninged euonymus

unspot euonymus

Silver king-euonymus

/ariegated evergreen

preading euonymus

August beauty gardenia

euonymus

neapple guava

Radican gardenia

alai/lemon leaf

Voadwaxen

arolina jessamine

Ross estey-hibiscus

Rose of sharon-heart

Rose of sharon-red bird

orsvihia

Cornish heather

ragrant daphne

Hopseed bush

eutzia

earberry cotoneaster

Sago palm Hollandia-warminster bro

emon bottlebrush

orean boxwood

Atropurea-redleaf

Glossy abelia

Copper leaf

Amur maple

Century plant

alse spiraea

Covotehush

#### ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

#### Scientific Name Acacia abyssinica Acacia redolens Acacia stenophylla Acalypha wilkesiana Acer ainnala Acer palmatum

Agave americana Astilbe chinensis Athyrium nipponimcum Baccharis pilularis Berberis gladwynensi Berberis mentórensis Berberis thunberai

Bougainvillea spp.

Buxus microphyla japonica Buxus microphylla Koreana Buxus sempervirens Callistemon citrinus Callistemon viminali Calluna vulgaris Camellia sasangua Camellia japonica Cassia artemisloides Ceanothus spp. Cephalotaxus drupacae Cerastium tomentosum Chamaecyparis obtusa spp

Chamaecyparis pisifera Chrysalldocarpus lutescens Clethra alnifolia Cleyera japonica Cornus alba Cornus stolonifera

Cotinus coggygria Cotinus damn Cotoneaster adpressus

Cotoneaster apiculatus Cotoneaster congestus Cotoneaster dammer Cotoneaster himalava Cotoneaster horizontalis Cotoneaster zabeli Cvcas revoluta Cytisus praecox vtisus scopanus Daphne odora *Deutzia* spp. Dodonea viscosa Elaeagnus pungen. Erica cinerea Erica x darlevensa Erica vagans Euonymus alatus Euonvmus fortune

Euonymus japonica

Euonymous kiautschovica Feijoa sellowiana Forsvthia spp. Gardenia jasminoides

Gaultheria shallon Gelsemium sempervirens Genista pilosa Hibiscus rosa-sinensis Hibiscus syriacus

#### **ESTABLISHED FLOWERS cont.**

Common Name Latnyrus odoratus Centaurea moschata Sweet sultan Velvet centaurea Centaurea gymnocarpa Vinca Zinnea spr

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

Scientific Name Illicium annisatum Itea ilicifola lxora collinea Juniperus spp. Kalmia latifolia Lagerstroemia indica Lantana spp. Leucothoe axillaris eucothoe fontainesiana Ligustrum spp. ivistona chinensis l onicera periclymenum

Lonicera sempervirens Mahonia bealel Mahonia repens Myrica cerifera Nandina domestica

Nerium oleandei

Osmanthus fortunei Philadelphus spp. Phoenix roeloelen Photinia fraser Pieris japonica

Pieris japonica x forestii Pinus mugo Piffosporum tobira

Plumbago ariculata

Plumbago capensis Podocarpus macrophyllus Polystichum polyblepharum entilla spp. Prunus caroliniana Prunus aladulosa Pyracantha spp. Rhaphiolepis indica

Rhaphiolepis ovata Rhododendron spp. Rhus lancea Rosa rugosa Rosmarinus officinalis Skimmia iaponica Skimmia revesiana Spiraea bumalda Spiraea iaponica

Spiraea vanhouttii Syringa rothomagensis vringa vulgarls Taxus cuspidata Taxus media Tecomaria capensis ernstroemia gymnanthera huia occidentalis

Thuja orientalis

Veitchia merrilli Viburnum spp. Weigela spp. Xvlosma congestum Yucca filamentosa

Common Name

Mystery gardenia Henry Garnet holly leaf sweetspire **Ixora** Juniper Mountain laurel Crape myrtle \_antana Coast leucothoe Drooping leucothoe Privet Chinese fountain palm Flowering woodbine Serotina woodbine Trumpet honeysuckle eather leaf mahonia Creeping mahonia

Compacta-dwarf heavenly bamboo

Harbour dwarf-heavenly bamboo

Heavenly bamboo
Nana compacta-heavenly bamboo

Nana purpurea-heavenly bamboo Woods dwarf heavenly bamboo Hardy red oleander Oleander

Ruby lace oleander Fortunes osmanthus Mockorange Pigmy date palm Fraser's photinia Japanese andromeda Mountain fire lily-of-the-valley Snowdrift lily-of-the-valley

Templebells lily-of-the-valley Valley rose lily-of-the-valley Valley valentine lily-of-the-valley Forest flame lily-of-the-valley Muao-muaho pine Green pittosporum

Japanese pittosporum Wheeler's dwarf pittosporum Blue cape pumbago Plumbago Yewpine

Tassel fern

Cinquefoil

Rosemary

Common lilac

Anglojap yew

Upright Japanese vew

Cape honeysuckle

American arborvitae

Rheingold arborvitae

Techny arborvitae

arborvitae

Christmas palm

Viburnum

Weigela

Xvlosma

Yucca

Globosa-globe arborvitae

Aureus nana-dwarf golder

ittle giant-dwarf arborvitae

Nigra-dark American arborvitae

Pyramidalis-pyramid arborvitae

Minima glauca-dwarf arborvitae

Emerald arborvitae

Carolina laurel cherry

Bucida buceras Castanea mollissima Ceratonia siliqua Cercis canadensis Chamae cvparis obtuse

Dwarf pink flowering almond Pyracantha Charisma-monruce rhaphiolepis Enchantress-moness rhaphiolepis ndia hawthorn Springtime-monme rhaphiolepis Round leaf rhaphiolepis Azalea/rhododendron

Chamaedorea elegans Atrica sumac Cornus florida Ramanas rose Jananese skimmia Cornus kousa Reeve's skimmia Crataegus viridis Anthony waterer spiraea Cupaniopsis anacardioides Dolchia spiraea Cupressus glabra Japanese alpine spiraea Elaeagnus angustifolia Shirobana spiraea Bridal wreath Eucalyptus camaldulensis Eucalvotus cinerea Chinese lilac

> Eucalyptus sideroxyion Ficus benjamina Fraxinus americana Fraxinus udhei Ginko biloba

> > Heteromeles arbutiflora Illicium fioridanum Juniperus virginiana Larix kaempfen

Gleditsia triacanthos

Eucalyptus microtheca

**GROUND COVERS** 

Common Name

**GROUND COVERS** Scientific Name Hypenicum spp. Hosta lancifoila Hedera canariensis Jasminum nitidum Trachelospermum asiaticui Asparagus densiflorus Ammophila breviligulata Campanula spp Liriope muscari Festuca ovina glauca Arctotheca calendufa Ajuga spp. Coreopsis spp. Cotoneaster spp. Muehlenbeckia axillaris Coronilla vana Hemerocallis spp. Descampsia caespitosa Ophiopogon japonicus

Hakonechloa macroaureola

Drosantheumum hispidum

Liriope spicata

Common Name

Albus-flowering maple

Luteus-flowering maple

Roseus-flowering maple

Tangerine-flowering maple

Vesuvius red-flowering manle

White fir

Flame maple

Norway maple

Red sunset maple

European white birch

Chinese chestnut

Gracilis-slender Hin

Swara false cypress

Cloud nine dogwood

Flowering dogwood

Dogwood, Kousa

Green hawthorn

Arizona cypress

Redgum eucalyptus

Silver dollar eucalyptus

Mealy eucalyptus

Russian olive

Coolibah tree

Mini ficus

White ash

Sharnel ash

Florida anise-tree

Eastern red cedar

Japanese larch

Squarrosa-moss cypress

Red maple

Silver maple

Sugar maple

Queen palm

River birch

Bottle tree

Black olive

Redbud

Palm

Parlor palm

Carrot wood

Paper birch

Common Name

Algerian ivv

Asian jasmine

Beechgrass

Rellflower

Blue fescue

Cape weed

Carpet bugle

Cotoneaster

Crown vetch

Descampsia

English ivy

Gazania

Iceplant

**TREES** 

Scientific Name

Abies concolor

Acer aimmala

Acer piatanoides
Acer rubrum

Acer saccharinum

romanzoffianu

Acer saccharum

Betula papyrifera

Betula pendula

populneus

Chamaedorea

Chamaedorea

costaricana

Chamaecyparis pisifera

cataractarum

Brachychiton

Areacastrum

Betula nigra

Abutilon hybridum

Germander

Eulalia gráss

Fountain grass

Daylilly

Creeping wirevine

Dwarf Mondo grass

Golden hakonechloa

Green/creeping lily turf

Dwarf plumbago

Asparagus fern

Big blue lily turf

Albo-marginata hosta

Angelwing jasmine

Japanese spurge Largeleaf iceplant Lilac beauty lily tur Lily-of-the-nile Maiestic lilv turf Mondo grass Myoporum Pampas grass Periwinkle Ribbon grass Rockrose Rupturewort Silvery sun proof lily turf Speedwell St. Johnswort Stonecrop (sedum) Strawberry, beach Frailing African daisv Trailing iceplant Ceratostiama plumbaginois Hedera helix Trailing rosea iceplant Miscanthus sinensis Variegated carex Variegated liriope lily turf Pennisetum alopecuroides Gazania spp. Verbena Teucrium chamaedrys

Myoporum laetum Cortaderia selloana Vinca spp. Phalaris arundinacea picta Cistus spp. Herniaria glabra Veronica spp. Sedum spp. Fragaria chiloensis Armeria maritima Osteospermum fruticosum Lampranthus spectabilis Drosanthemum floribundu Carex spp. Verbena spp. White iceplant Delosperma alba Liriope gigantea

ORNAMENTAL BULBS

Elderberry

This product may be applied for control of susceptible annual weeds in ornamental bulbs, e.g., bulbous iris, daffodil (Narcissus), Hyacinth and Tulip. Apply this product to the soil surface 2 to 4 weeks after planting, but prior to the emergence of annual weeds. This product may also be applied following bulb emergence. For Fall planted bulbs, apply this product again in late Winter or early Spring to weedfree soil surfaces

#### NON-BEARING\* FRUIT AND NUT TREES AND NON-BEARING VINEYARDS\* Almond Fig Filbert Peach Apple Apricot Gooseberry Pear . Avocado Grape, American Pecan Blackbern Grape, European Pistachio Blueberry Grapefruit Plum Boysenberr Pomergranate Cherry, soul Lemon Prune Cherry, sweet Loganberry Raspberry Currant Macadamia nut Walnut, black Dewberry Nectarine Walnut, English

Non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards are defined as plants that will not bear fruit for at

#### **CHRISTMAS TREE PLANTATIONS**

Apply this product to established plantings of field grown Christmas tree species listed on this label. Do not apply to seedbeds or seedling transplant beds. Apply only to established plantings. Established plants are defined as those that have been transplanted into their final growing location for a sufficient period of time to allow the soil to be firmly settled around the roots from packing and rainfall or irrigation. Follow all instructions provided in the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label.

#### **NON-CROPLAND AREAS**

This product is recommended as a preemergence herbicide for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds on industrial sites, utility substations, highway guard rails, sign posts and delineators. Apply this product any time prior to germination of target weeds. Areas to be treated should be free of established weeds or existing weeds should be controlled with post-emergence herbicides. Refer to the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section prior to using this product on non-cropland.

#### **UNDER PAVED SURFACES** Site Preparation

This product should be used only where the soil to be treated has been prepared according to good construction practices. If rhizomes, stolons, tubers or other vegetative plant parts are present in the site, they should be removed by scalping with grader blade to a depth sufficient to ensure their com-

#### Application

Applications may be made after the final road bed is established or after the base rock has been added. Do not move soil after application of this product and do not apply this product to soil where asphalt may be applied directly on top of treated soil. Paving should follow applications of this product as soon as possible.

Apply this product to ensure thorough coverage of the base rock layer. Apply with any granular applicator that will apply uniformly

Apply the following amount of this product:

Amount of This Product			
Per Acre	Per 1000 Sq. Ft.		
240 to 320 lbs.	5.5 to 7.3 lbs.		

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container only. In case of leak or spill, contain material and dispose as waste.

Pesticide Disposal: To avoid waste, use all materials in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often, such programs are run by State or local governments or by industry).

Container Disposal: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### **WARRANTY -- CONDITIONS OF SALE**

OUR DIRECTIONS FOR USE of this product are based upon tests believed reliable. Follow directions carefully. timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes all risks of use, storage and handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. to the extent consistent with applicable law, in no case shall the Manufacturer or the seller be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product when such use and/or handling is not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. The foregoing is a condition of sale by the Seller and is accepted as such by the Buyer.

**TREES** 

Scientific Name Liriodendron tulipifera Magnolia spp. Malus spp. Morus alba Musa aluminata Nvssa sylvatica Oxydendrum arboreum Picea abies

White lily turf

Nooly yarrow

Picea glauca conica Picea glauca Picea pungens

Pinus contorta Pinus eldarica Filicoides-fernspray cypress

Pinus nigra

Pinus resinosa Pinus taeda Pinus strobus Pinus sylvestris Pinus thunbergiana

Platanus acerifoiia Platanus occicentalis Platanus racemosa Podocarppus spp. Populus deltoides Prosopis chilensis Prunus yedoensis Pseudotsuga menziesi Quercus coccinea Quercus ilicifolia Quercus palustris Quercus phellos Quercus rubra Quercus virginiana Robinia pseudoacacia Salix spp. Sequoiadendron giganeum Swietenia mahogani

Red ironbark eucalyptus Tabebula caraiba Taxodium distichum Tilia spp. Tsuga canadensis

Common Name

Tuliptree Magnolia Crabapple White mulbern Banana Blackgum Sourwood Norway spruce

spruce

Pinus aristata Pinus canariensis Pinus leucodermi: Pinus mugo

Pinus radiata

Ginko-maidenhair tree Honey locust Shademaster honey locust Ulmus parvitolia Washingtonia robusta

Scientific Name Pachysandra tern

Agapanthus spp

Carpobrotus edulis

Pendula-weeping Norway spruce epens-spreading Norway

Dwarf Alberta spruce White spruce Dwarf globe blue spruce Glauca-Colorado blue spruce Hoopsii-hoop's blue spruce Koster-koster blue spruce Bristlecone pine Canary Island pine Shore pine, beach pine Eldarica pine Bosnian nine Pumilio-shrubby Swiss mountain pine

Austrian black pine Monterey pine Red pine Loblolly pine White pine Columnar Scotch pine Scotch pine Japanese black pine London planetree American sycamore Califorina sycamore Podocarpuś Cottonwood Chilean mesquite Yoshino flowering chern Douglasfir Scarlet oa Bear oak Pin oak Willow oak

Giant sequoia Mahogany Yellow tab Baldcypress Linden Eastern hemlock Chinese elm Mexican fan nalm

Red oak

Live oak

Willow

Black locust

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